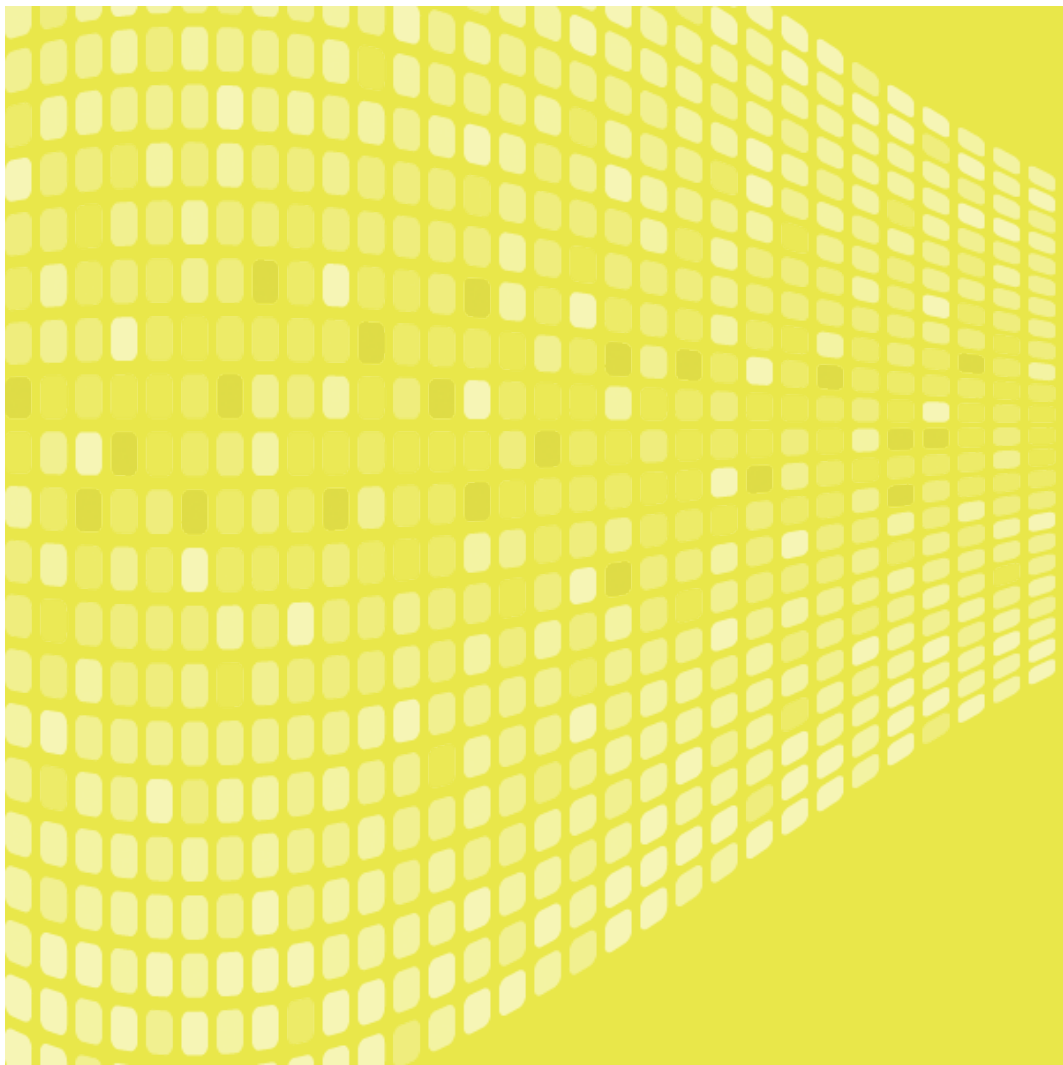




GENDER AND WATER DATA

PROJECT FOR GENDER SENSITIVE
WATER MONITORING, ASSESSMENT AND REPORTING





DATA IS IMPORTANT FOR

WATER GOVERNANCE



ONLY 16% OF NATIONAL WATER RESOURCE PLANS MENTION WOMEN AS KEY STAKEHOLDERS OR PRIMARY PARTICIPANTS IN CLIMATE ADAPTATION.

WHEN DATA SHOWED
THAT ONLY

29%
OF STAFF

IN THE DEPARTMENT
OF WATER DEVELOPMENT
IN UGANDA WAS FEMALE

AFFIRMATIVE ACTION WAS TAKEN TO IMPROVE

THE GENDER BALANCE

A black seesaw is positioned horizontally. On the left end, there is a blue male symbol (♂). On the right end, there is a pink female symbol (♀). The seesaw is tilted upwards on the right side, indicating an imbalance.



IN THE WATER DEPARTMENT
BY 30% IN 5 YEARS

WATER FOR AGRICULTURE

LESS THAN
5%
OF AGRICULTURAL
HOLDERS
IN MANY COUNTRIES
IN NORTHERN AFRICA
AND WESTERN ASIA
ARE WOMEN



WOMEN COMPRISE
AN AVERAGE OF
43% OF THE
AGRICULTURAL
LABOR
FORCE
IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES



ACCORDING TO FAO

47% OF THE
IRRIGATION
LABOUR IS CARRIED OUT
BY WOMEN



SAFE DRINKING WATER

IN RURAL
INDIA AND AFRICA
MORE THAN **30%**
OF WOMENS'

DAILY



IS SPENT JUST ON

FETCHING WATER



IT IS ESTIMATED
THAT SOME

40 BILLION



MOSTLY WOMEN-HOURS

PER YEAR

ARE SPENT

FETCHING WATER
IN SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA



EDUCATION

ONE 2012
ESTIMATE

SUGGESTS THAT

CUTTING

15 MINUTES OFF

THE WALKING TIME

TO A WATER SOURCE

COULD INCREASE

UNDER-FIVE CHILD

SURVIVAL

IN GHANA

A 15-MINUTE

REDUCTION

IN WATER

COLLECTION

TIME



INCREASED

GIRLS' SCHOOL

ATTENDANCE

UP TO 12%



WE NEED MORE DATA

**THE PERCENTAGE OF
COUNTRIES PRODUCING
SEX-DISAGGREGATED DATA
ON ACCESS TO CLEAN
WATER IS ONLY 37%**

**45.2% OF COUNTRIES
DO NOT PRODUCE ANY
GENDER STATISTICS
RELATED TO WATER**

SEX-DISAGGREGATED DATA

**ARE ORIENTED AT MONITORING
RESULTS OF THE 2030 AGENDA
AND THE SDGS**

**REPORT EVIDENCE OF GENDER
EQUALITY RESULTS AND ORIENT
POLICY ACTIONS**

**WILL ALLOW COMPARISON AND
MEASURE PROGRESS THROUGH
TIME AT A GLOBAL LEVEL**

'REALIZING GENDER EQUALITY AND THE EMPOWERMENT OF WOMEN AND GIRLS WILL MAKE A CRUCIAL CONTRIBUTION TO THE PROGRESS ACROSS ALL SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS AND TARGETS' (UNGA RESOLUTION A/70/L.1, 2015).

IN ORDER TO ACHIEVE GENDER EQUALITY, SEX-DISAGGREGATED DATA IS NEEDED. THE COLLECTION OF SEX-DISAGGREGATED DATA CONCERNING WATER IS FACILITATED BY THE UN WWAP UNESCO TOOLKIT AS PART OF THE PROJECT ON GENDER-SENSITIVE WATER MONITORING, ASSESSMENT AND REPORTING.

THE TOOLKIT IS COMPOSED OF FOUR TOOLS:

- 1. A LIST OF HIGH-PRIORITY WATER INDICATORS**
- 2. A METHODOLOGY FOR COLLECTING AND ASSESSING SEX-DISAGGREGATED DATA**
- 3. A GUIDELINE FOR DATA GATHERING IN THE FIELD**
- 4. A QUESTIONNAIRE FOR PRACTITIONERS**

The Toolkit's high-priority indicators will promote the monitoring of the results of SDG 6 to

Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all

And in particular the monitoring of the results of SDG 6.5 to

Implement integrated water resources management at all levels, including through transboundary cooperation as appropriate

FOR WHICH WWAP IS THE PROPOSED ENTITY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE GLOBAL MONITORING OF THE PROPOSED INDICATORS.

APPLICATION OF THE TOOLKIT IN THE FIELD:

AMCOW

IN NOVEMBER 2014, THE SEX-DISAGGREGATED INDICATORS PRESENTED BY WWAP WERE OFFICIALLY ENDORSED BY THE AFRICAN MINISTERS' COUNCIL ON WATER (AMCOW). AMCOW OFFICIALLY COMMITTED TO 'ESTABLISH NATIONAL TARGETS AND A MONITORING AND EVALUATION FRAMEWORK FOR EACH OF THE SEVEN PILLARS OF THE AMCOW GENDER POLICY AND STRATEGY, INCLUDING SEX-DISAGGREGATED INDICATORS IN THE AFRICAN CONTEXT FOLLOWING GUIDELINES DEVELOPED BY WWAP, BY 2016.'



GGRETA

THE UNESCO IHP GROUNDWATER GOVERNANCE IN TRANSBOUNDARY AQUIFERS (GGRETA) PROJECT ASSESSES TRANSBOUNDARY AQUIFERS IN THREE DIFFERENT WORLD REGIONS. WWAP IS PARTNER OF THE GGRETA PROJECT AND IN CHARGE OF MAINSTREAMING GENDER BY INCLUDING GENDER-SENSITIVE WATER MONITORING TECHNIQUES AND SCIENTIFIC SUPERVISION TO REGIONAL EXPERT GROUPS. WWAP PROVIDES SEX-DISAGGREGATED INDICATORS, GUIDELINES AND QUESTIONNAIRES TO GROUPS OF NATIONAL EXPERTS FROM BOTSWANA, EL SALVADOR, GUATEMALA, HONDURAS, NAMIBIA, SOUTH AFRICA AND UZBEKISTAN.



TO ADDRESS THE CONSIDERABLE DATA GAP ON GENDER AND WATER ISSUES AT THE GLOBAL LEVEL, WWAP HAS LAUNCHED THE PROJECT FOR GENDER-SENSITIVE WATER MONITORING, ASSESSMENT AND REPORTING, WHICH CONSISTS OF FOUR PHASES:

PHASE 1:

PRODUCTION OF THE TOOLKIT FOR GENDER-SENSITIVE WATER MONITORING. THIS TOOLKIT CONTAINS A LIST OF HIGH-PRIORITY INDICATORS, A METHODOLOGY FOR COLLECTING SEX-DISAGGREGATED DATA, A GUIDELINE FOR DATA GATHERING IN THE FIELD AND A QUESTIONNAIRE FOR PRACTITIONERS TO COLLECT SEX-DISAGGREGATED DATA.

PHASE 2:

THE TOOLKIT WILL BE TESTED IN SELECTED PILOT AREAS IN DIFFERENT REGIONS OF THE WORLD, IN COOPERATION WITH NATIONAL AUTHORITIES, RESEARCH INSTITUTES AND INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS.

PHASE 3:

THE INDICATORS AND METHODOLOGY WILL BE VALIDATED AGAINST THE RESULTS FROM PHASE 2, AND AFTER THE EVALUATION THE FINAL RESULTS WILL BE WIDELY DISSEMINATED.

PHASE 4:

CAPACITY BUILDING WILL BE IMPLEMENTED BY A SERIES OF TRAINING MODULES SPECIFICALLY TAILORED FOR MULTIPLE USERS SUCH AS TECHNICAL STAFF OF DEVELOPING AGENCIES, WATER-EXPERTS OF NATIONAL INSTITUTIONS, DEVELOPMENT PRACTITIONERS.

WWAP WORKING GROUP ON SEX-DISAGGREGATED INDICATORS

AN INTERNATIONAL EXPERT WORKING GROUP, CONSISTING OF OVER 30 MEMBERS FROM AROUND THE WORLD, HAS BEEN DEEPLY INVOLVED IN THE CREATION OF THE TOOLKIT. MADE UP OF MULTIDISCIPLINARY EXPERTS FROM ACADEMIA, GRASSROOT ORGANIZATIONS, NGOs, DEVELOPMENT ORGANIZATIONS AND UN AGENCIES, THE GROUP BRINGS UP-TO-DATE INFORMATION AND EXPERT ADVICE TO THE PROJECT.



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#GENDERANDWATER

**WE NEED MORE
SEX-DISAGGREGATED DATA**

