Life without toilets: the photographer tackling a global taboo

Andrea Bruce's prize-winning images from India, Haiti and Vietnam document the deeply sensitive issue of open defecation, which affects 1.1 billion of the world's poorest people

Photographs: Andrea Bruce/NOOR/Eyevine

by Peter Beaumont

Main image: Sewage and rubbish mingle in a river at Port-au-Prince, Haiti. Photograph: Andrea Bruce/NOOR/Eyevine



Global development is supported by About this content Mon 19 Mar 2018 11.48 GMT

One of the biggest issues at the intersection of sanitation, poverty and global health, open defecation has also long been one of the hardest to represent visually.

For photographer Andrea Bruce, however, the challenge meant she did not have to think too long before agreeing to the year-long project documenting an issue both deeply sensitive and hugely important. The resulting photo essay, commissioned by National Geographic, has been selected for a first prize in the prestigious Pictures of the Year awards.

The US photographer, who has covered wars, and depicted the lives of sex workers in Baghdad after the US invasion in 2003, recalls: "To be honest, when they approached me and said, 'We want you to do a story on open defecation,' a million things went through my head."

Bruce's images - taken in India, Haiti and Vietnam - tell a compelling and dignified story about a global problem affecting 1.1 billion of the world's poorest people.

Among that total, according to Unicef, are 524 million people in India - almost half the country's population - where lack of sanitation is estimated to be responsible for more than a million deaths of children under the age of five from diarrhoea every year.



Phham Thi Lan, 31, and her son, Vinh, four, at Vinh Xuyen village, Tinh Biên district, Vietnam. Outdoor toilets are often sited over fish farms in the south of the country

"The more I researched it," says Bruce, "the more I realised how large a proportion of the world's population is living in sewage and without clean water. More people die of health problems related to sanitation issues every day than do of malaria, HIV and the top five diseases combined."

Although she says she "does not set herself boundaries" in advance when working on a photographic project, Bruce decided she would go with what her subjects found "acceptable". She chose as the subject of her work in India a poor village where she had worked before, and was familiar to those who lived there.



A woman looks for a place to defecate on the railway tracks, early in the morning in the Anna Nagar slum, in Delhi

"I had worked in the village before for the New York Times for a story on women and work, and people knew and trusted me. I know everyone in the village and they knew I was not going to be disrespectful.

"I wanted to make sure that it was something everyone can relate to so that it was about people not just about poverty.

"It is not only an issue about diseases that people are facing. For women, this is the time of day when women are often raped in India, Africa and Haiti - when [they] are most vulnerable and trying to find some privacy."



In a community toilet building in Delhi, four women wait for the one working stall to become free

The health issue was also dramatised for her in Haiti, where she arrived after Hurricane Matthew had devastated the country.

"It was kind of crazy timing. A huge hurricane came through and then you have contamination. One drop of cholera and it just sweeps through."



The slums of northern Haiti suffered from cholera after Hurricane Matthew, exacerbated by the lack of proper toilets. In this community, people often defecate in the lanes between their homes

She was particularly struck by the bayakou - latrine cleaners - whom she photographed for the project.

"In Haiti the people who are on the frontline are the bayakou who go into the latrines, which is this taboo subject.

"They can only work at night and people throw rocks at them even if they employ them. They are like the superheroes of Haiti. We also worked with a small NGO called Soil in Haiti, which brings composting toilets to slum areas and then collects them - like milkmen - to give to farmers to use as compost."

And although the pictures are beautiful both as images and in their expression of a particular kind of vulnerability, Bruce adds that she was anxious to avoid the trap of exoticising the subject by emphasising its otherness to a western audience.

"For me it is not about making things exotic but to make them boring and important but still as beautiful as possible."



In the village of Peepli Kheera, with a population of 800 people, there is only one toilet, which is kept under lock and key. The entire community defecates outside - men in the fields on one side of the village, women on the other

Bruce has been back to the village in India since the images were first published - to a pleasant surprise.

"Since the pictures came out the Indian government has been to the village and they have built a community toilet. Who knows? Maybe they were going to come anyway but the the villagers

We have some news ...

... three years ago, we knew we had to try to make The Guardian sustainable by deepening our relationship with our readers. The revenues from our newspaper had diminished and the technologies that connected us with a global audience had moved advertising money away from news organisations. We knew we needed to find a way to keep our journalism open and accessible to everyone, regardless of where they live or what they can afford.

And so, we have an update for you on some good news. Thanks to all the readers who have supported our independent, investigative journalism through contributions, membership or subscriptions, we are starting to overcome the urgent financial situation we were faced with. Today we have been supported by more than a million readers around the world. Our future is starting to look brighter. But we have to maintain and build on that level of support for every year to come, which means we still need to ask for your help.

Ongoing financial support from our readers means we can continue pursuing difficult stories in the challenging times we are living through, when factual reporting has never been more critical. The Guardian is editorially independent - our journalism is free from commercial bias and not influenced by billionaire owners, politicians or shareholders. This is important because it enables us to challenge the powerful and hold them to account. With your support, we can continue bringing The Guardian's independent journalism to the world.

If everyone who reads our reporting, who likes it, enjoys it, helps to support it, our future would be so much more secure. For as little as £1, you can support The Guardian - and it only takes a minute. Thank you.

Support The Guardian









Topics

- Access to water
- India
- Haiti
- Vietnam
- Americas
- Asia Pacific
- features